

1 MHz Bandwidth, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC in Small Footprint SOIC8 Package

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Industry-leading noise performance with greatly improved bandwidth through proprietary amplifier and filter design techniques
- High bandwidth 1 MHz analog output
- Patented integrated digital temperature compensation circuitry allows high accuracy over temperature in an open loop sensor
- $1.2 \text{ m}\Omega$ primary conductor resistance for low power loss and high inrush current withstanding capability
- Small footprint, low-profile SOIC8 package suitable for space-constrained applications
- Integrated shield virtually eliminates capacitive coupling from current conductor to die due to high dV/dt voltage transients
- 5 V, single supply operation
- Output voltage proportional to AC or DC current
- Factory-trimmed sensitivity and quiescent output voltage for improved accuracy
- High PSRR for noisy environments



CB Certificate Number: US-32848-UL

PACKAGE: 8-Pin SOIC (suffix LC)



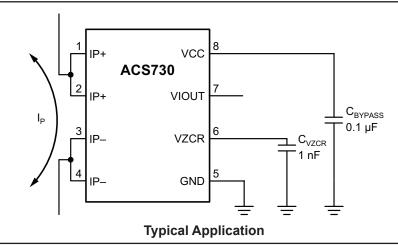
DESCRIPTION

The Allegro™ ACS730 provides economical and precise solutions for AC or DC current sensing in industrial, commercial, and communications systems. The device package allows for easy implementation by the customer. Typical applications include motor control, load detection and management, switched-mode power supplies, and overcurrent fault protection.

The device consists of a precise, low-offset, linear Hall sensor circuit with a copper conduction path located near the surface of the die. Applied current flowing through this copper conduction path generates a magnetic field which is sensed by the integrated Hall IC and converted into a proportional voltage. Device accuracy is optimized through the close proximity of the magnetic field to the Hall transducer. A precise, proportional voltage is provided by the Hall IC, which is programmed for accuracy after packaging. The output of the device has a positive slope when an increasing current flows through the primary copper conduction path (from pins 1 and 2, to pins 3 and 4), which is the path used for current sensing. The internal resistance of this conductive path is typically $1.2 \text{ m}\Omega$, providing low power loss.

The terminals of the conductive path are electrically isolated from the sensor leads (pins 5 through 8). This allows the ACS730 current sensor to be used in high-side current sense applications without the use of high-side differential amplifiers or other costly isolation techniques.

The ACS730 is provided in a small, low-profile surface-mount SOIC8 package. The leadframe is plated with 100% matte tin, which is compatible with standard lead (Pb) free printed circuit board assembly processes. Internally, the flip-chip device is considered Pb-free. However, the solder bump connections are available in a Pb-free or high-temperature Pb-based option. Part numbers followed by "-S" are manufactured with tin-silverbased solder bumps, making these parts Pb-free compliant without the use of RoHS exemptions. Part numbers followed by "-T" are manufactured with Pb-based solder bumps using allowed RoHS exemptions.



The ACS730 outputs an analog signal, V_{IOUT} , that varies linearly with the bidirectional AC or DC primary sensed current, I_{p} , within the range specified.



SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number ^[1]	Optimized Range, I _P (A)	Sensitivity ^[1] , Sens(Typ) (mV/A)	T _A (°C)	Packing		
-S VARIANT ^[2]			·			
ACS730KLCTR-20AB-S	±20	100				
ACS730KLCTR-30AB-S	±30	66				
ACS730KLCTR-30AU-S	30	120				
ACS730KLCTR-40AB-S	±40	50	-40 to 125	Tape and reel, 3000 pieces per reel		
ACS730KLCTR-50AB-S	±50	40				
ACS730KLCTR-65AB-S	±65	30				
ACS730KLCTR-80AU-S	80	50				
-T VARIANT [3]						
ACS730KLCTR-20AB-T	±20	100				
ACS730KLCTR-30AB-T	±30	66				
ACS730KLCTR-30AU-T	30	120				
ACS730KLCTR-40AB-T	±40	50	-40 to 125	Tape and reel, 3000 pieces per reel		
ACS730KLCTR-40AU-T	40	100	-40 10 125	Tape and Teel, 5000 pieces per Teel		
ACS730KLCTR-50AB-T	±50	40				
ACS730KLCTR-65AB-T	±65	30				
ACS730KLCTR-80AU-T	80	50				

^[1] Measured at V_{CC} = 5 V.

[2] "-S" denotes lead-free construction with tin-silver-based solder bumps. [3] "-T" denotes Pb-contained construction with Pb-based solder bumps. Operating performance of "-T" and "-S" devices are identical. "-T" devices are RoHS compliant using [3] "-T" denotes Pb-contained construction with Pb-based solder bumps. Operating performance of "-T" and "-S" devices are identical. "-T" devices are RoHS compliant using allowed exemptions provided in Annex III and IV of Directive 2011/65/EU [Exemptions 7(a), 15, 15(a), as applicable].



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Characteristic	Symbol Notes		Rating	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		6	V
Reverse Supply Voltage	V _{CC(R)}		-0.1	V
Output Voltage	V _{IOUT}		6	V
Reverse Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(R)}		-0.1	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}		20	V
Reverse Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR(R)}		-0.1	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A	Range K	-40 to 125	°C
Junction Temperature	T _J (max)		165	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}		–65 to 170	°C

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Value	Units
Withstand Strength [1][2]	V _{ISO}	Agency rated for 60 seconds per UL 62368-1 (edition 3)	2400	V _{RMS}
Marking Voltage for Desig legistics [2]	V	Maximum approved working voltage for basic (single) isolation	420	V _{PK} or VDC
Working Voltage for Basic Isolation ^[2]	V _{WVBI}	according to UL 62368-1 (edition 3)	297	V _{RMS}
Impulse Withstand [2]	VIMPULSE	Tested ±5 pulses at 2/minute in compliance to IEC 61000-4-5, 1.2 µs (rise) / 50 µs (width)		V _{RMS}
Clearance	D _{cl}	Minimum distance through air from IP leads to signal leads	4	mm
Creepage	D _{cr}	Minimum distance along package body from IP leads to signal leads	4	mm
Distance Through Insulation	DTI	Minimum internal distance through insulation	44	μm
Comparative Tracking Index	СТІ	Material Group II	400 to 599	V

^[1] Production tested for 1 second in accordance with UL 62368-1 (edition 3).

^[2] Certification pending.

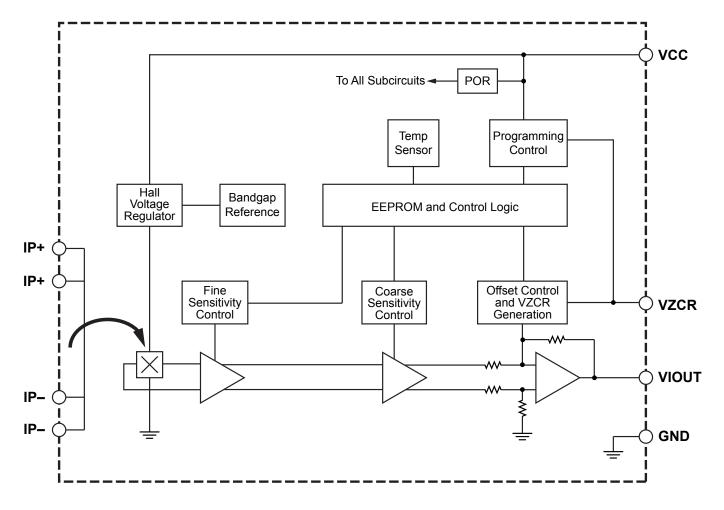
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Units
Package Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	R _{θJA}	Mounted on the Allegro evaluation board with 1500 mm ² of 4 oz. copper on each side, connected to pins 1 and 2, and to pins 3 and 4, with thermal vias connecting the layers. Performance values include the power consumed by the PCB. ^[1]	23	°C/W
Package Thermal Resistance (Junction to Lead)	R _{θJL}	Mounted on the Allegro ASEK730 evaluation board.	5	°C/W

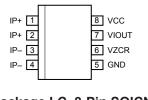
[1] Further information about board design and thermal performance also can be found in the Applications Information section of this datasheet.



Functional Block Diagram



Pinout Diagram and Terminal List Table



Package LC, 8-Pin SOICN Pinout Diagram

Terminal List Table						
Number	Name	Description				
1, 2	IP+	Terminals for current being sensed; fused internally				
3, 4	IP-	Terminals for current being sensed; fused internally				
5	GND	Signal ground terminal				
6	VZCR	Zero current reference; outputs a DC voltage equal to V_{IOUT} at I_{P} = 0 A				
7	VIOUT	Analog output signal				
8	VCC	Device power supply terminal				



Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply Current	I _{CC}	V _{CC} = 5 V, output open	-	17	25	mA
Power-On Time	t _{PO}	T _A = 25°C	-	150	_	μs
Output Capacitance Load	CL	VIOUT to GND	_	_	0.47	nF
Reference Capacitance Load	C _{VZCR}	VZCR to GND	-	_	1	nF
Output Resistive Load	RL	VIOUT to GND, VIOUT to VCC	10	_	_	kΩ
Reference Resistive Load	R _{VZCR}	VZCR to GND, VZCR to VCC	10	_	_	kΩ
Output High Saturation Voltage [2]	V _{OH}	VIOUT, T _A = 25°C	V _{CC} - 0.4	V _{CC} - 0.3	_	V
Output Low Saturation Voltage [2]	V _{OL}	VIOUT, T _A = 25°C	-	0.1	0.2	V
Primary Conductor Resistance	R _{IP}	T _A = 25°C	-	1.2	_	mΩ
Primary Conductor Inductance	L _{IP}	T _A = 25°C	_	2	_	nH
Magnetic Coupling Factor	MCF	T _A = 25°C	-	10	_	G/A
Rise Time	t _r	T _A = 25°C, C _L = 0.47 nF	-	0.6	_	μs
Propagation Delay	t _{pd}	T _A = 25°C, C _L = 0.47 nF	_	0.2	_	μs
Response Time	t _{RESPONSE}	T _A = 25°C, C _L = 0.47 nF	-	0.7	_	μs
Output Slew Rate	SR	$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C, C_{L} = 1 \text{ nF}$	-	2.67	_	V/µs
Internal Bandwidth	BW	Small signal –3 dB; C _L = 0.47 nF	-	1	_	MHz
Noise Density	I _{ND}	Input-referenced noise density; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $C_L = 0.47 \text{ nF}$	_	40	_	µA/ √(Hz)
Noise	I _N	Input-referenced noise; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $C_L = 0.47 \text{ nF}$	_	40	_	mA _{RMS}
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	0 to 200 Hz, 100 mV pk-pk ripple on V _{CC} , I _P = 0 A, VIOUT and VZCR	_	35	_	dB
Sensitivity Power Supply Rejection Ratio	SPSRR	DC, $V_{CC}(min) < V_{CC} < V_{CC}(max)$, $I_P = I_{PR}(max)$	_	15	_	dB
Offset Power Supply Rejection Ratio	OPSRR	DC, V _{CC} (min) < V _{CC} < V _{CC} (max)	_	30	_	dB
Output Source Current	I _{OUT(src)}	VIOUT shorted to GND	-	5.5	_	mA
Output Sink Current	I _{OUT(snk)}	VIOUT shorted to VCC	-	3	_	mA
		T _A = 25°C	-10	±3	10	mV
Zero Current Reference Offset Voltage	V _{ZCR(ofs)}	T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-20	±10	20	mV
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 25°C	-	±10	_	mV
Reference Source Current	I _{VZCR(src)}	VZCR shorted to GND	-	2	_	mA
Reference Sink Current	I _{VZCR(snk)}	VZCR shored to VCC	-	14	_	mA

[1] Device may be operated at higher primary current levels, I_P, ambient temperatures, T_A, and internal leadframe temperatures, provided the Maximum Junction Temperature, T_J(max), is not exceeded.
[2] The sensor IC will continue to respond to current beyond the range of I_P until the high or low saturation voltage; however, the nonlinearity in this region will be worse than

^[2] The sensor IC will continue to respond to current beyond the range of I_P until the high or low saturation voltage; however, the nonlinearity in this region will be worse than through the rest of the measurement range.



xKLCTR-20AB PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 μ F, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE						
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		-20	-	20	A
Sensitivity	Sens		_	100	_	mV/A
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	2.5	_	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	T _A = 25°C	-	2.5	-	V
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE			<i>.</i>	· · · · · ·		
Total Output Error ^[2]	F	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-4	±3	4	%
Total Output Error ^[2]	E _{TOT}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	_	±4	_	%
	E _{sens}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-2.5	±1.5	2.5	%
Sensitivity Error		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	_	±4	_	%
		$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ} \text{C} \text{ to } 125^{\circ} \text{C}$	-75	±50	75	mV
Offset Voltage	V _{OE}	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	_	±50	_	mV
A loss line o mitor	-	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$	-2	±0.75	2	%
Nonlinearity	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 25°C	_	±0.75	_	%
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTIC	s	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	I _P = 20 A	_	±6.7	_	%
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 20 A	_	±3.8	_	%
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off_drift}	I _P = 0 A	_	±118	_	mV

^[1] Typical values with \pm are 3 sigma values.



xKLCTR-30AB PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 µF, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE						
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		-30	-	30	A
Sensitivity	Sens		-	66	_	mV/A
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	2.5	_	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	2.5	_	V
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error ^[2]	E	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-5	±3	5	%
	E _{TOT}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
Constitute From	E _{sens}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-3.5	±2.5	3.5	%
Sensitivity Error		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
	V _{OE}	I _P = 0 A; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-40	±20	40	mV
Offset Voltage		$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	±30	_	mV
	_	Through the full range of I _P ; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-2	±0.75	2	%
Nonlinearity	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	-	±0.75	_	%
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTIC	S	·		· · · · · ·		
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	I _P = 40 A	_	±6.7	_	%
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 20 A	-	±3.8	_	%
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off_drift}	I _P = 0 A	-	±118	_	mV

 $\ensuremath{^{[1]}}$ Typical values with ± are 3 sigma values.



xKLCTR-30AU PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 μ F, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit	
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE							
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		0	-	30	A	
Sensitivity	Sens		-	120	_	mV/A	
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	0.5	_	V	
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	0.5	_	V	
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				· · · · · ·			
Total Quitnuit Error ^[2]	F	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-5	±2.6	5	%	
Total Output Error ^[2]	E _{TOT}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±3.7	_	%	
	E _{sens}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-3.5	±1.2	3.5	%	
Sensitivity Error		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±3.7	_	%	
		I _P = 0 A; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-40	±35	40	mV	
Offset Voltage	V _{OE}	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	±38	_	mV	
	F	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$	-2	±1	2	%	
Nonlinearity	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	-	±2.3	_	%	
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTIC	S	·	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	I _P = 40 A	-	±6.7	_	%	
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 20 A	-	±3.8	_	%	
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off_drift}	I _P = 0 A	-	±118	_	mV	

^[1] Typical values with \pm are 3 sigma values.



xKLCTR-40AB PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 μ F, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE						
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		-40	-	40	A
Sensitivity	Sens		-	50	_	mV/A
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	2.5	_	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	2.5	_	V
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE			·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Output Error ^[2]	F	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-5	±3	5	%
Total Output Error ^[2]	E _{TOT}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
	E _{sens}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-3.5	±2.5	3.5	%
Sensitivity Error		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
		I _P = 0 A; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-40	±20	40	mV
Offset Voltage	V _{OE}	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	±30	_	mV
	_	Through the full range of I _P ; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-2	±0.75	2	%
Nonlinearity	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	_	±0.75	_	%
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTIC	S	·		· · · · ·		
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	I _P = 40 A	-	±6.7	_	%
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 20 A	_	±3.8	_	%
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off drift}	I _P = 0 A	_	±118	_	mV

 $\ensuremath{^{[1]}}$ Typical values with ± are 3 sigma values.



xKLCTR-40AU PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 μ F, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE						
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		0	-	40	A
Sensitivity	Sens		-	100	_	mV/A
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	0.5	_	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	0.5	_	V
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error ^[2]	E	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-5	±3	5	%
Total Output Error ^[2]	E _{TOT}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
Consitivity From	E _{sens}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-3.5	±2.5	3.5	%
Sensitivity Error		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
		I _P = 0 A; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-40	±20	40	mV
Offset Voltage	V _{OE}	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	±30	_	mV
N I and the analytic	_	Through the full range of I _P ; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-2	±0.75	2	%
Nonlinearity	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	-	±0.75	_	%
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTIC	S			· · · ·		
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	I _P = 40 A	_	±6.7	_	%
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 20 A	_	±3.8	_	%
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off_drift}	I _P = 0 A	_	±118	_	mV

 $\ensuremath{^{[1]}}$ Typical values with ± are 3 sigma values.



xKLCTR-50AB PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 μ F, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE						
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		-50	-	50	А
Sensitivity	Sens		-	40	_	mV/A
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	2.5	_	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	2.5	_	V
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error ^[2]	E	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-5	±3	5	%
	E _{TOT}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
Sensitivity Error	E _{sens} -	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-3.5	±3	3.5	%
		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
Offeet Veltere	N	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-40	±20	40	mV
Offset Voltage	V _{OE}	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	_	±30	_	mV
Nonlinearity	_	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$	-2	±0.75	2	%
	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	-	±0.75	_	%
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTICS						
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	t_drift I _P = 50 A		±6.7	_	%
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 25 A	_	±3.8	_	%
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off_drift}	I _P = 0 A	-	±118	_	mV

 $^{\left[1\right] }$ Typical values with ± are 3 sigma values.



xKLCTR-65AB PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 µF, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE						
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		-65	-	65	A
Sensitivity	Sens		-	30	_	mV/A
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	2.5	_	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	2.5	_	V
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE	·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Output Error ^[2]	-	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}; T_A = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-5	±3	5	%
	E _{TOT}	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
Sensitivity Error		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-3.5	±3	3.5	%
		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±5	_	%
Offset Voltage	V	I _P = 0 A; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-40	±20	40	mV
	V _{OE}	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	±30	_	mV
Nonlinearity	_	Through the full range of I _P ; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-2	±0.75	2	%
	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 25°C	-	±0.75	_	%
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTIC	S			· · · ·		
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	t I _P = 65 A		±6.7	_	%
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 32 A	_	±3.8	_	%
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off_drift}	I _P = 0 A	_	±118	_	mV

 $\ensuremath{^{[1]}}$ Typical values with ± are 3 sigma values.

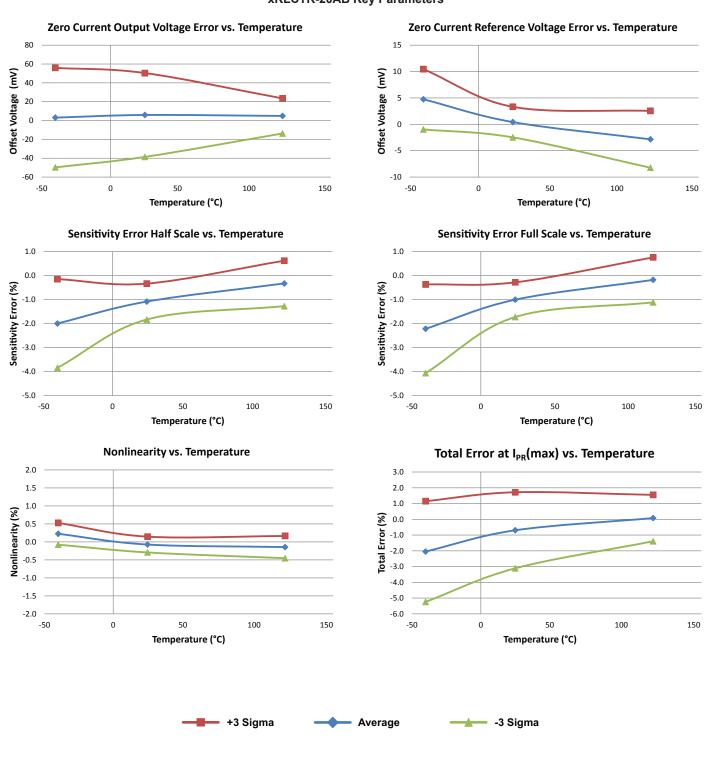


xKLCTR-80AU PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Valid over full range of T_A , V_{CC} = 5 V, C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 μ F, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. [1]	Max.	Unit
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE						
Current Sensing Range	I _{PR}		0	-	80	A
Sensitivity	Sens		-	50	_	mV/A
Zero Current Output Voltage	V _{IOUT(Q)}	I _P = 0 A, T _A = 25°C	-	0.5	_	V
Zero Current Reference Voltage	V _{ZCR}	T _A = 25°C	-	0.5	_	V
ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
Total Output Error ^[2]	E	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-5	±1.8	5	%
	E _{TOT}	OT $I_P = I_{P(MAX)}; T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$ -	-	±5	_	%
Constitute From	E _{sens} -	$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ to } 125^{\circ}C$	-3.5	±1.5	3.5	%
Sensitivity Error		$I_{P} = I_{P(MAX)}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 25^{\circ}C$	-	±4.2	_	%
Offset Voltage		I _P = 0 A; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	-40	±21	40	mV
	V _{OE}	$I_{P} = 0 \text{ A}; T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	· ±27	_	mV
Nonlinearity	-	Through the full range of I _P ; T _A = 25°C to 125°C	$_{\rm p}; T_{\rm A} = 25^{\circ} \text{C to } 125^{\circ} \text{C}$ -2 \pm	±0.3	2	%
	E _{LIN}	Through the full range of I_P ; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	_	±2.3	_	%
LIFETIME DRIFT CHARACTERISTICS						
Total Output Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{tot_drift}	I _P = 80 A	_	±6.7	_	%
Sensitivity Error Including Lifetime Drift	E _{sens_drift}	I _P = 40 A	_	±3.8	_	%
Offset Voltage Including Lifetime Drift	V _{off_drift}	I _P = 0 A	_	±118	_	mV

 $\ensuremath{^{[1]}}$ Typical values with ± are 3 sigma values.



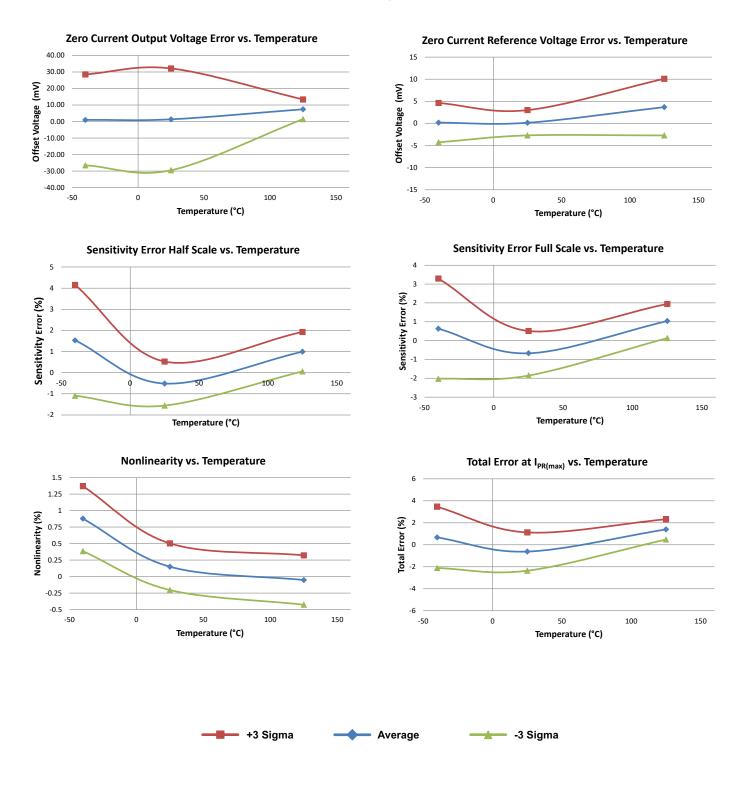


CHARACTERISTIC PERFORMANCE xKLCTR-20AB Key Parameters



Allegro MicroSystems 955 Perimeter Road Manchester, NH 03103-3353 U.S.A. www.allegromicro.com

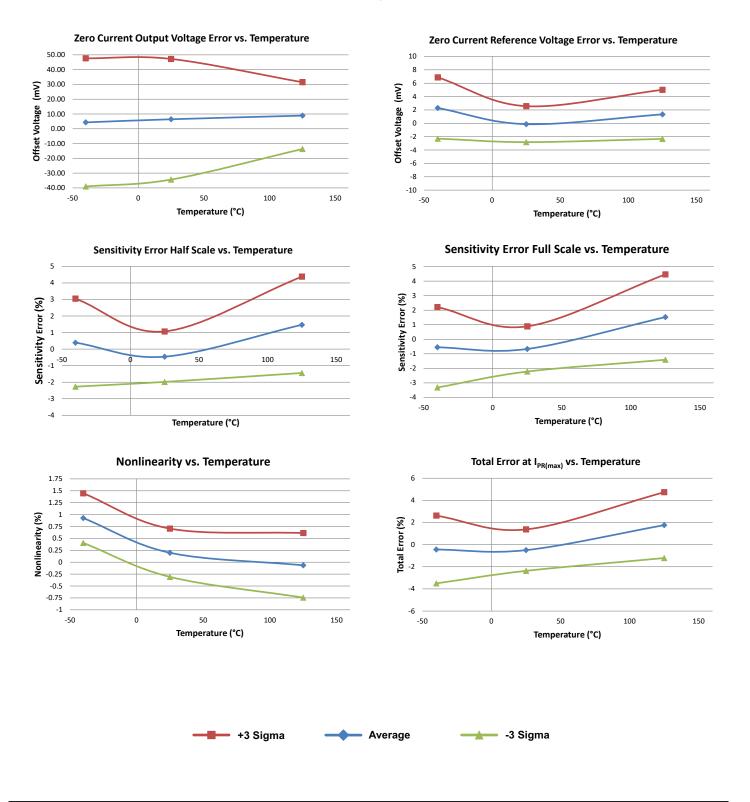
xKLCTR-30AB Key Parameters





1 MHz Bandwidth, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC in Small Footprint SOIC8 Package

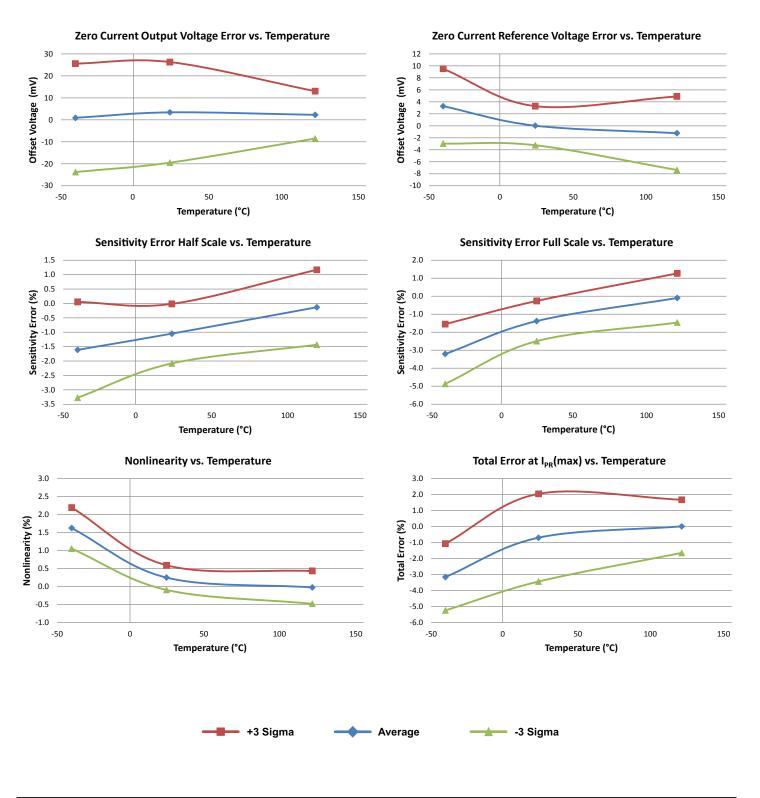
xKLCTR-30AU Key Parameters





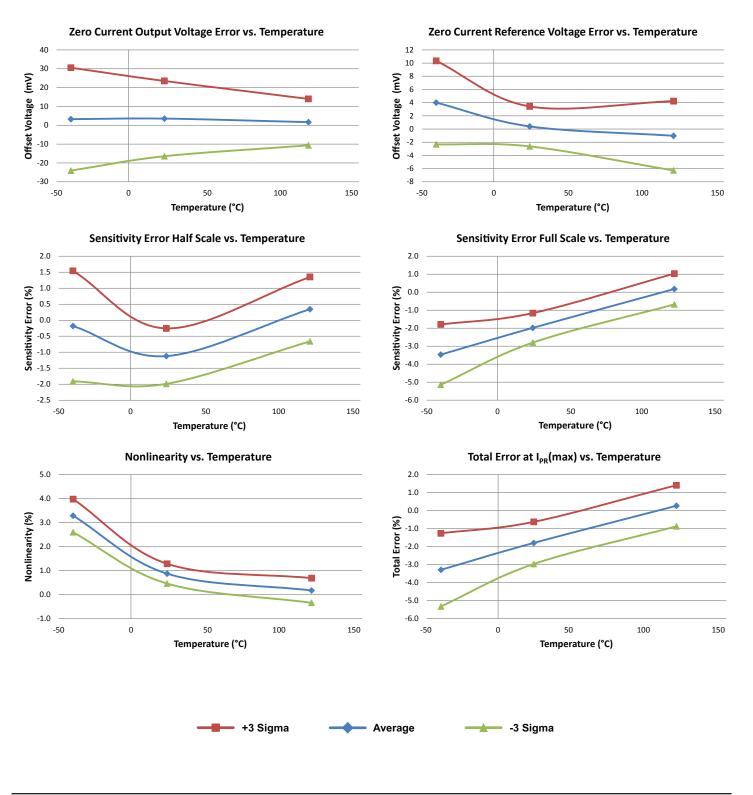
Allegro MicroSystems 955 Perimeter Road Manchester, NH 03103-3353 U.S.A. www.allegromicro.com

xKLCTR-40AB Key Parameters





xKLCTR-50AB Key Parameters

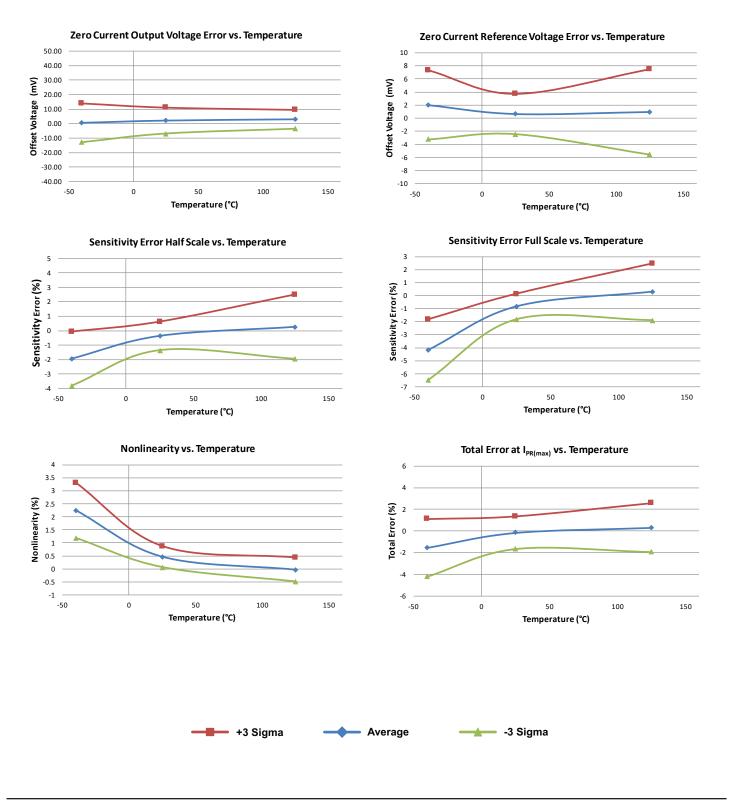




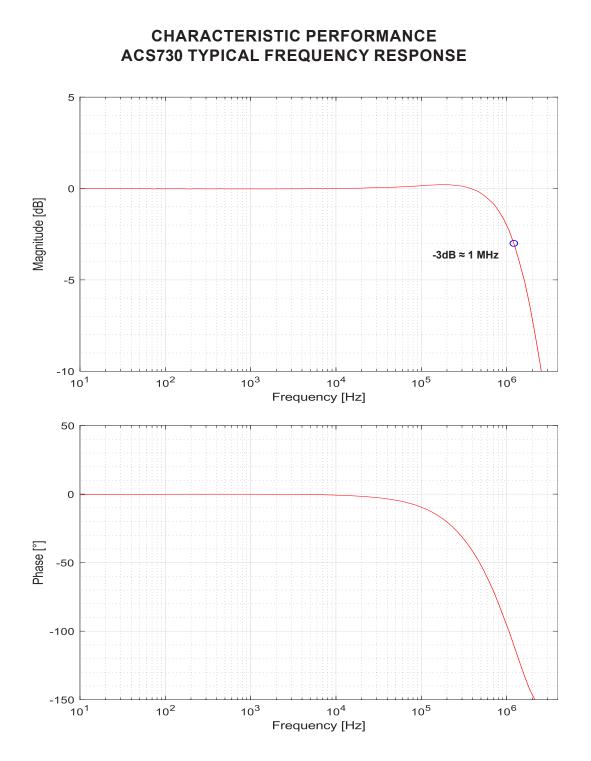
Allegro MicroSystems 955 Perimeter Road Manchester, NH 03103-3353 U.S.A. www.allegromicro.com

1 MHz Bandwidth, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC in Small Footprint SOIC8 Package

xKLCTR-65AB Key Parameters







For information regarding bandwidth characterization methods used for the ACS730, see the "Characterizing System Bandwidth" application note (https://allegromicro.com/en/insights-and-innovations/technical-documents/hall-effect-sensor-ic-publications/an-effective-method-for-characterizing-system-bandwidth-an296169) on the Allegro website.



Allegro MicroSystems 955 Perimeter Road Manchester, NH 03103-3353 U.S.A. www.allegromicro.com

RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS DEFINITIONS AND PERFORMANCE DATA

Response Time, Propagation Delay, Rise Time, and Output Slew Rate

Response Time (t_{RESPONSE})

The time interval between a) when the sensed input current reaches 90% of its final value, and b) when the sensor output reaches 90% of its full-scale value.

Propagation Delay (t_{pd})

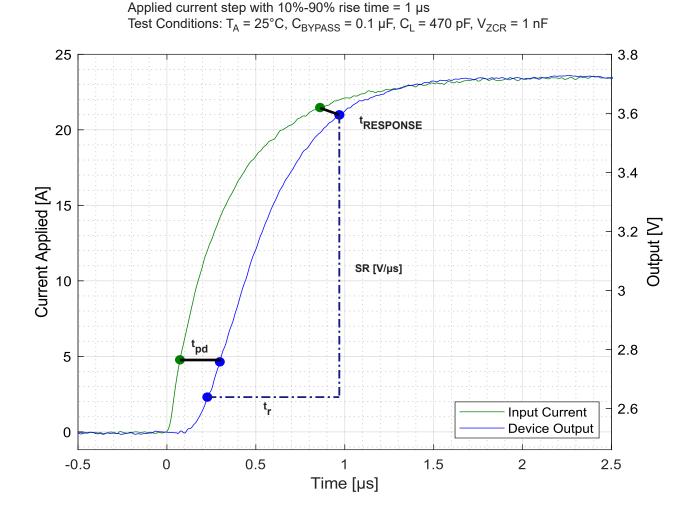
The time interval between a) when the sensed input current reaches 20% of its full-scale value, and b) when the sensor output reaches 20% of its full-scale value.

Rise Time (t_r)

The time interval between a) when the sensor reaches 10% of its full-scale value, and b) when it reaches 90% of its full-scale value.

Output Slew Rate (SR)

The rate of change $[V/\mu s]$ in the output voltage from a) when the sensor reaches 10% of its full-scale value, and b) when it reaches 90% of its full-scale value.



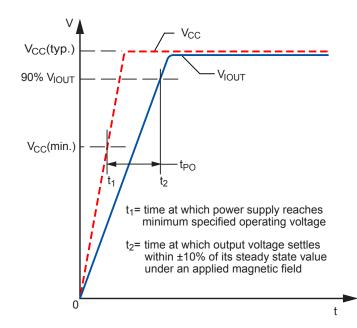


1 MHz Bandwidth, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC in Small Footprint SOIC8 Package

POWER-ON FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Power-On Time (t_{PO})

When the supply is ramped to its operating voltage, the device requires a finite amount of time to power its internal components before responding to an input magnetic field. Power-On Time (t_{PO}) is defined as the time interval between a) the power supply has reached its minimum specified operating voltage ($V_{CC(min)}$), and b) when the sensor output has settled within ±10% of its steady-state value under an applied magnetic field.





1 MHz Bandwidth, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC in Small Footprint SOIC8 Package

DEFINITIONS OF ACCURACY CHARACTERISTICS

Sensitivity (Sens). The change in sensor IC output in response to a 1A change through the primary conductor. The sensitivity is the product of the magnetic circuit sensitivity (G/A) (1 G = 0.1 mT) and the linear IC amplifier gain (mV/G). The linear IC amplifier gain is programmed at the factory to optimize the sensitivity (mV/A) for the full-scale current of the device.

Nonlinearity (E_{LIN}). The nonlinearity is a measure of how linear the output of the sensor IC is over the full current measurement range. The nonlinearity is calculated as:

$$E_{LIN} = \left\{ 1 - \frac{V_{IOUT}(I_R(max)) - V_{IOUT(Q)}}{2 \cdot V_{IOUT}(I_R(max)/2) - V_{IOUT(Q)}} \right\} \cdot 100(\%)$$

Zero Current Output Voltage (V_{IOUT(Q)}**).** The output of the sensor when the primary current is zero. For a unipolar supply voltage, it nominally remains at 2.5 V for a bidirectional device. Variation in $V_{IOUT(Q)}$ can be attributed to the resolution of the Allegro linear IC quiescent voltage trim and thermal drift.

Offset Voltage (V $_{OE}$). The deviation of the device output from its ideal quiescent value of 2.5 V due to nonmagnetic causes. To convert this voltage to amperes, divide by the device sensitivity, Sens.

Total Output Error (E_{TOT}). The difference between the current measurement from the sensor IC and the actual current (I_p), relative to the actual current. This is equivalent to the difference between the ideal output voltage and the actual output voltage, divided by the ideal sensitivity, relative to the current flowing through the primary conduction path:

$$E_{TOT}(I_P) = \frac{V_{IOUT_IDEAL}(I_P) - V_{IOUT}(I_P)}{Sens_{IDEAL} \times I_P} \bullet 100 \ (\%)$$

The Total Output Error incorporates all sources of error and is a function of I_P. At relatively high currents, E_{TOT} will be mostly due to sensitivity error, and at relatively low currents, E_{TOT} will be mostly due to Offset Voltage (V_{OE}). In fact, at I_P = 0, E_{TOT} approaches infinity due to the offset. This is illustrated in Figure 1 and Figure 2. Figure 1 shows a distribution of output voltages versus I_P at 25°C and across temperature. Figure 2 shows the corresponding E_{TOT} versus I_P.

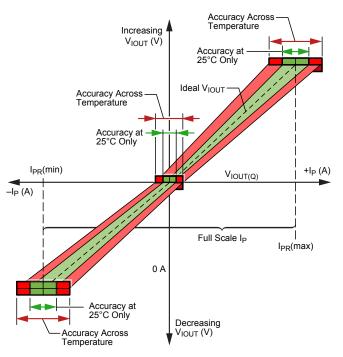


Figure 1: Output Voltage versus Sensed Current

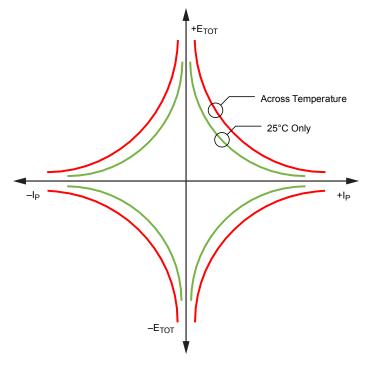


Figure 2: Total Output Error versus Sensed Current





Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR). The ratio of the change on VIOUT or VZCR to a change in V_{CC} in dB.

$$PSRR = 20 \log_{10} \left(\left| \frac{\Delta V_{CC}}{\Delta V_{IOUT}} \right| \right)$$

Sensitivity Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR). The ratio of the percent change in sensitivity from the sensitivity at 5 V to the percent change in V_{CC} in dB.

$$SPSRR(V_{CC}) = 20 \log_{10} \left(\left| \frac{Sens_{VCCN} \times (V_{CC} - 5 \text{ V})}{[Sens_{VCC} - Sens_{5V}] \times 5 \text{ V}} \right| \right)$$

An SPSRR value of 15 dB means that a ten percent change in V_{CC} (going from 5 to 5.5 V, for example) results in around a 1.75 percent change in sensitivity.

Offset Power Supply Rejection Ratio (OPSRR). The ratio of the change in offset to a change in V_{CC} in dB.

$$OPSRR = 20 \log_{10} \left(\left| \frac{\Delta V_{CC}}{\Delta V_{OE}} \right| \right)$$

An OPSRR value of 30 dB means that a 500 mV change in $\rm V_{CC}$ (going from 5 to 5.5 V, for example) results in around 15 mV of change in the offset.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Impact of External Magnetic Fields

The ACS730 works by sensing the magnetic field created by the current flowing through the package. However, the sensor cannot differentiate between fields created by the current flow and external magnetic fields. This means that external magnetic fields can cause errors in the output of the sensor. Magnetic fields which are perpendicular to the surface of the package affect the output of the sensor, as it only senses fields in that one plane. The error in Amperes can be quantified as:

$$Error(B) = \frac{B}{MCF}$$

where B is the strength of the external field perpendicular to the surface of the package in gauss (G), and MCF is the magnetic coupling factor in gauss/amperes (G/A). Then, multiplying by the sensitivity of the part (Sens) gives the error in mV seen at the output.

For example, an external field of 1 gauss will result in around 0.1 A of error. If the ACS730KLCTR-20AB, which has a nominal sensitivity of 100 mV/A, is being used, that equates to 10 mV of error on the output of the sensor.

External Field	Error	Error (mV)				
(Gauss)	(A)	20B	40B	50B		
0.5	0.05	5	2.5	2		
1	0.1	10	5	4		
2	0.2	20	10	8		

Estimating Total Error vs. Sensed Current

The Performance Characteristics tables give distribution values (±3 sigma) for Total Error at I_p(max) and I_p(half); however, one often wants to know what error to expect at a particular current. This can be estimated by using the distribution data for the components of Total Error, Sensitivity Error, and Offset Voltage. The ±3 sigma value for Total Error (E_{TOT}) as a function of the sensed current (I_p) is estimated as:

$$E_{TOT}(I_p) = \sqrt{E_{SENS}^2 + \left(\frac{100 \times V_{OE}}{Sens \times I_p}\right)^2}$$

Here, E_{SENS} and V_{OE} are the ± 3 sigma values for those error terms. If there is an average offset voltage, then the average Total Error is estimated as:

$$E_{TOT_{AVG}}(I_p) = E_{SENS_{AVG}} + \frac{100 \times V_{OE_{AVG}}}{Sens \times I_p}$$

The resulting total error will be a sum of E_{TOT} and E_{TOT_AVG} . Using these equations and the 3 sigma distributions for Sensitivity Error and Offset Voltage, the Total Error versus sensed current (I_p) is below for the ACS730KLCTR-20AB. As expected, as the sensed current (I_p) approaches zero, the error in percent goes towards infinity due to division by zero (refer to Figure 3).

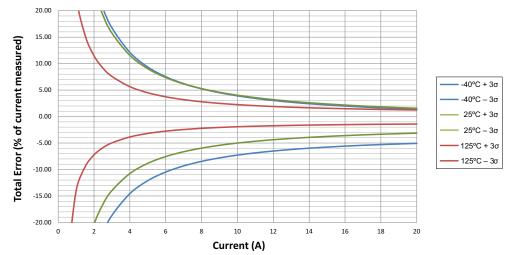


Figure 3: Predicted Total Error as a Function of the Sensed Current for the ACS730KLCTR-20AB



Thermal Rise vs. Primary Current

Self-heating due to the flow of current should be considered during the design of any current sensing system. The sensor, printed circuit board (PCB), and contacts to the PCB will generate heat as current moves through the system.

The thermal response is highly dependent on PCB layout, copper thickness, cooling techniques, and the profile of the injected current. The current profile includes peak current, current "on-time", and duty cycle. While the data presented in this section was collected with direct current (DC), these numbers may be used to approximate thermal response for both AC signals and current pulses.

The plot in Figure 4 shows the measured rise in steady-state die temperature of the ACS730 versus continuous current at an ambient temperature, T_A , of 25 °C. The thermal offset curves may be directly applied to other values of T_A . Conversely, Figure 5 shows the maximum continuous current at a given T_A . Surges beyond the maximum current listed in Figure 5 are allowed given the maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(MAX)}$ (165°C), is not exceeded.

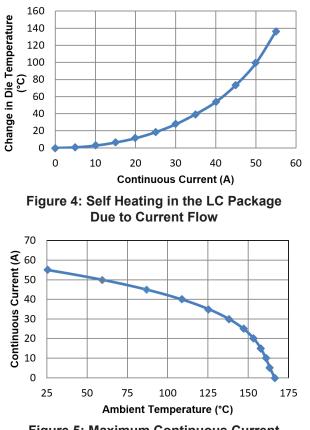


Figure 5: Maximum Continuous Current at a Given T_A The thermal capacity of the ACS730 should be verified by the end user in the application's specific conditions. The maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(MAX)}$ (165°C), should not be exceeded. Further information on this application testing is available in the DC and Transient Current Capability application note on the Allegro website.

ASEK730 Evaluation Board Layout

Thermal data shown in Figure 4 was collected using the ASEK730 Evaluation Board (TED-85-0739-003). This board includes 1500 mm² of 4 oz. copper (0.1388 mm) connected to pins 1 and 2, and to pins 3 and 4, with thermal vias connecting the layers. Top and bottom layers of the PCB are shown below in Figure 6.

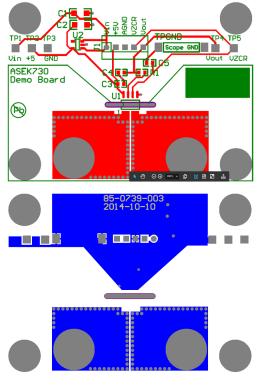


Figure 6: Top and Bottom Layers for ASEK730 Evaluation Board

Gerber files for the ASEK730 evaluation board are available for download from the Allegro website. See the technical documents section of the ACS730 device webpage.



1 MHz Bandwidth, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC in Small Footprint SOIC8 Package

PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING

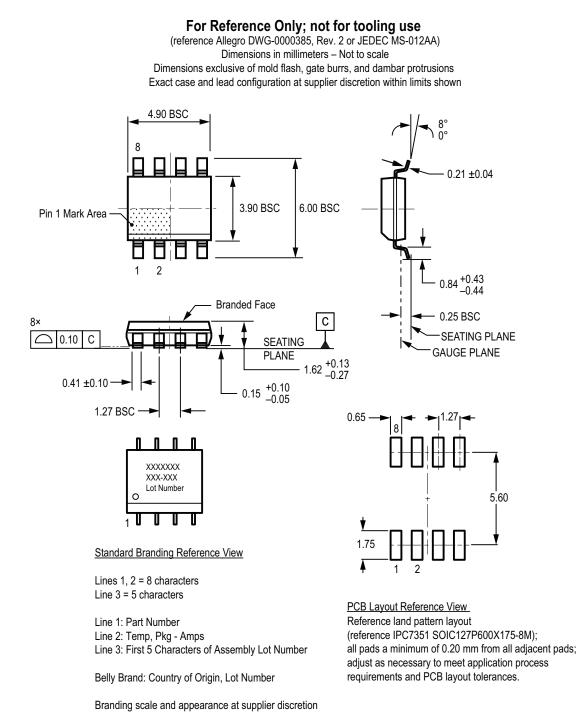


Figure 10: Package LC, 8-Pin SOICN



1 MHz Bandwidth, Galvanically Isolated Current Sensor IC in Small Footprint SOIC8 Package

Revision History

Number	Date	Description
-	February 29, 2016	Initial release
1	August 19, 2016	Updated Isolation Characteristics table and added Frequency Response charts
2	February 28, 2017	Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings table
3	August 29, 2017	Added "-40AU" and "-80AU" product options; updated Isolation Characteristics table.
4	April 30, 2018	Added "-30AB" product option
5	May 22, 2018	Added "-30AU" product option; updated "-40AU" and "-80AU" performance characteristics; added certificate marks
6	July 30, 2018	Added Propagation Delay characteristic (page 5)
7	October 16, 2018	Added "-65AB" product option; updated "-80AU" Lifetime Drift test conditions
8	December 13, 2018	Updated certificate number
9	August 16, 2019	Added Maximum Continuous Current to Absolute Maximum Ratings table (page 2), ESD ratings table (page 2), and thermal data section (page 23)
10	March 29, 2021	Added footnote [1] in the Selection Guide (page 2); updated ESD Ratings table test conditions (page 2); added Comparative Tracking Index to Isolation Characteristics table (page 3); updated Thermal Characteristics table test conditions and footnotes (page 3); added Primary Conductor Inductance and Output Slew Rate characteristics (page 5); updated Reference Resistive Load test condition (page 5); moved Zero Current Reference voltage from Common Electrical Characteristics to Performance Characteristics tables (pages 6-13); updated Typical Frequency Response (page 20); updated Response Characteristics Definitions and Performance Data (page 21); added Power-On Functional Description page (page 22); updated Standard Branding Reference View (page 27).
11	April 5, 2022	Updated package drawing (page 27)
12	May 17, 2022	Added "-S" lead free part variants (all pages); removed non-production part variants (all pages); removed ESD Ratings table (page 3); removed Maximum Continuous Current (page 3); minor editorial updates (all pages)
13	June 14, 2024	Added part "-40AU" variants (page 2, 10); corrected Isolation Characteristics table (page 3)

Copyright 2024, Allegro MicroSystems.

Allegro MicroSystems reserves the right to make, from time to time, such departures from the detail specifications as may be required to permit improvements in the performance, reliability, or manufacturability of its products. Before placing an order, the user is cautioned to verify that the information being relied upon is current.

<u>Allegro's products are not to be used in any devices or systems, including but not limited to life support devices or systems, in which a failure of</u> <u>Allegro's product can reasonably be expected to cause bodily harm.</u>

The information included herein is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Allegro MicroSystems assumes no responsibility for its use; nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use.

Copies of this document are considered uncontrolled documents.

For the latest version of this document, visit our website:

www.allegromicro.com



Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Allegro MicroSystems:

ACS730KLCTR-20AB-T ACS730KLCTR-40AB-T ACS730KLCTR-50AB-T